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- (2) The contractor has requested an installment payment agreement; or
- (3) The payment office has issued a demand for payment.
 - (e) The contracting officer shall-
- (1) Furnish a copy of the demand for payment to the contractor by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by any other method that provides evidence of receipt; and
- (2) Forward a copy of the demand to the payment office.

32.605 Final decisions.

- (a) The contracting officer shall issue a final decision as required by 33.211 if—
- (1) The contracting officer and the contractor are unable to reach agreement on the existence or amount of a debt in a timely manner;
- (2) The contractor fails to liquidate a debt previously demanded by the contracting officer within the timeline specified in the demand for payment unless the amounts were not repaid because the contractor has requested an installment payment agreement; or
- (3) The contractor requests a deferment of collection on a debt previously demanded by the contracting officer (see 32.607–2).
- (b) If a demand for payment was previously issued for the debt, the demand for payment included in the final decision shall identify the same due date as the original demand for payment.
 - (c) The contracting officer shall—
- (1) Furnish the decision to the contractor by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by any other method that provides evidence of receipt; and
- (2) Forward a copy to the payment office identified in the contract.

32.606 Debt collection.

(a) If the contractor has not liquidated the debt within 30 days of the date due or requested installment payments or deferment of collection, the payment office shall initiate withholding of principal, interest, penalties, and administrative charges. In the event the contract is assigned under the Assignment of Claims Act of 1940 (31 U.S.C. 3727 and 41 U.S.C. 15), the rights of the assignee will be scrupulously respected and withholding of

- payments shall be consistent with those rights. For additional information on assignment of claims, see Subpart 32.8.
- (b) As provided for in the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996 (31 U.S.C. 3711(g)(1)), payment offices are required to transfer any debt that is delinquent more than 180 days to the Department of Treasury for collection.
- (c) The contracting officer shall periodically follow up with the payment office to determine whether the debt has been collected and credited to the correct appropriation(s).

32.607 Installment payments and deferment of collection.

- (a) The contracting officer shall not approve or deny a contractor's request for installment payments or deferment of collections. The office designated in agency procedures is responsible for approving or denying requests for installment payments or deferment of collections.
- (b) If a contractor has not appealed the debt or filed an action under the Disputes clause of the contract and the contractor has submitted a proposal for debt deferment or installment payments—
- (1) The office designated in agency procedures may arrange for deferment/ installment payments if the contractor is unable to pay at once in full or the contractor's operations under national defense contracts would be seriously impaired. The arrangement shall include appropriate covenants and securities and should be limited to the shortest practicable maturity; and
- (2) The deferment/installment agreement shall include a specific schedule or plan for payment. It should permit the Government to make periodic financial reviews of the contractor and to require payments earlier than required by the agreement if the Government considers the contractor's ability to pay improved. It should also provide for required stated or measurable payments on the occurrence of specific events or contingencies that improve the contractor's ability to pay.
- (c) If not already applicable under the contract terms, interest on contract debt shall be made an element of

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any agreement entered into for installment payments or deferment of collection.

32.607-1 Installment payments.

If a contractor requests an installment payment agreement, the contracting officer shall notify the contractor to send a written request for installment payments to the office designated in agency procedures.

32.607-2 Deferment of collection.

- (a) All requests for deferment of collection must be submitted in writing to the contracting officer.
- (1) If the contractor has appealed the debt under the procedures of the Disputes clause of the contract, the information with the request for deferment may be limited to an explanation of the contractor's financial condition.
- (2) Actions filed by contractors under the Disputes Clause shall not suspend or delay collection.
- (3) If there is no appeal pending or action filed under the Disputes clause of the contract, the following information about the contractor should be submitted with the request:
 - (i) Financial condition.
 - (ii) Contract backlog.
- (iii) Projected cash receipts and requirements.
- (iv) The feasibility of immediate payment of the debt.
- (v) The probable effect on operations of immediate payment in full.
- (b) Upon receipt of the contractor's written request, the contracting officer shall promptly provide a notification to the payment office and advise the payment office that the contractor's request is under consideration.
- (c)(1) The contracting officer should consider any information necessary to develop a recommendation on the deferment request.
- (2) The contracting officer shall forward the following to the office designated in agency procedures for a decision:
- (i) A copy of the contractor's request for a deferment of collection.
- (ii) A written recommendation on the request and the basis for the recommendation including the advisability of deferment to avoid possible overcollections.

- (iii) A statement as to whether the contractor has an appeal pending or action filed under the Disputes clause of the contract and the docket number if the appeal has been filed.
- (iv) A copy of the contracting officer's final decision (see 32.605).
- (d) The office designated in agency procedures may authorize a deferment pending the resolution of appeal to avoid possible overcollections. The agency is required to use unexpired funds to pay interest on overcollections
- (e) Deferments pending disposition of appeal may be granted to small business concerns and financially weak contractors, balancing the need for Government security against loss and undue hardship on the contractor.
- (f) The deferment agreement shall not provide that a claim of the Government will not become due and payable pending mutual agreement on the amount of the claim or, in the case of a dispute, until the decision is reached.
- (g) At a minimum, the deferment agreement shall contain the following:
 - (1) A description of the debt.
- (2) The date of first demand for payment.
- (3) Notice of an interest charge, in conformity with 32.608 and the FAR clause at 52.232–17, Interest; or, in the case of a debt arising from a defective pricing or a CAS noncompliance overpayment, interest, as prescribed by the applicable Price Reduction for Defective Certified Cost or Pricing Data or CAS clause (see 32.607(c)).
- (4) Identification of the office to which the contractor is to send debt payments.
- (5) A requirement for the contractor to submit financial information requested by the Government and for reasonable access to the contractor's records and property by Government representatives.
- (6) Provision for the Government to terminate the deferment agreement and accelerate the maturity of the debt if the contractor defaults or if bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings are instituted by or against the contractor.
- (7) Protective requirements that are considered by the Government to be prudent and feasible in the specific circumstances. The coverage of protective